

Stormwater Report

LAND SURVEYING

In Support Of

A Site Plan Approval Application

For 57 Perkins Row (Parcel ID #58-25) Topsfield, Ma PREPARED BY: Hancock Associates #27296

PREPARED FOR: Kevin Whelan March 2024



Boston, Brockton, Chelmsford, Danvers, Marlborough, Newburyport and Palmer, MA | Concord, NH 978-777-3050 / 880-998-3050 | HancockAssociates.com _______ f) in 🗩 🞯



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Introduction

Kevin Whelan proposes to construct a four (4) bedroom residential house on 57 Perkins Row, Topsfield, MA. Associated improvements will include paved driveway, a stormwater management system, and a new septic system. The project area is currently comprised of a developed residential yard with a single-story house. The project area is accessed by Perkins Row and consists of 8.2± acres. The property is bounded by undeveloped wooded land owned by Natalie M. Whalen to the east and northwest and west, residential land owned by Joseph John Dubinski and Alicia Mercedes Keating Dubinski to the southwest, undeveloped wooded land owned by the Mass Audubon Society to the south, and the Ipswich River to the south.

The project site is located to the north of the Ipswich River and to the south of bordering vegetated wetlands. In the existing condition, stormwater flows overland to both the wetlands and Ipswich River. The proposed stormwater system was designed to mimic the existing drainage pattern.

The proposed stormwater management system will include infiltration trenches along the proposed driveway and three subsurface infiltration fields. The proposed subsurface infiltration fields will collect roof runoff and will reduce peak rates of runoff by promoting infiltration. Overflow from the infiltration fields will drain to the wetlands or the Ipswich River via overland flow through an emergency flow area drain, mimicking existing drainage patterns.

The subject property is located within a red soil zone, indicating sever-slow percolation, according to the Topsfield, MA Map of Areas of Severe Soil Limitation (Appendix II)

The proposed stormwater management system was designed to meet the Stormwater Management Standards described in the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. The following report describes the system's compliance with these standards.

Standard 1: No New Untreated Discharges

The Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook states that no new stormwater conveyances may discharge untreated stormwater directly to or cause erosions in wetlands or waters of the Commonwealth. The project does not include new stormwater conveyances.

Standard 2: Peak Rate Attenuation

The Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook states that stormwater management systems shall be designed so that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre-development peak discharge rates. A summary of the existing and proposed discharge rates follows. The proposed condition discharge rates of runoff are at or below the existing rates to the same discharge points. Please see the attached "Existing Drainage Figure" and "Proposed Drainage Figure" (Appendix IV) and HydroCAD output (Appendix V) for more information.

For the purpose of these calculations the following assumptions were made:

- The same total watershed area of the drainage areas is used to compare the existing and proposed.
- The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Web Soil Survey of Essex County defines soils in the project area as:
 - 405B, Charlton fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, Hydrologic Soil Group B
 - o 405C, Charlton fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, Hydrologic Soil Group B
 - 406D, Charlton fine sandy loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes, very stony, Hydrologic Soil Group B

On-site soil testing confirmed that all soils are sandy loam. For the purposes of this calculation, all soils are assumed to be Hydrologic Soil Group B.



Two drainage areas have been modeled to represent the existing condition:

- Drainage Area EX1 consists of a developed residential yard, paved area, and roof area. Stormwater runoff from EX1 drains via overland flow to the wetlands and Ipswich River along the southern property line (Discharge Point DP1).
- Drainage Area EX2 consists of a developed residential yard, paved area, and roof area. Stormwater runoff from EX2 drains via overland flow to the wetlands in the northern portion of the property (Discharge Point DP2).

In the proposed condition a stormwater management system will collect and treat stormwater runoff from the project site. This system will include a system of roof drains doing to subsurface infiltration fields as well as surficial infiltration trenches. Four main drainage areas have been modeled to represent the proposed condition:

- Drainage Area PR1A will consist of landscaped area. Stormwater flow from PR1A will drain via overland flow to the wetlands and Ipswich River along the southern property line (Discharge Point DP1).
- Drainage Area PR1B will consist of roof area. Stormwater flow from PR1B will drain to the subsurface infiltration field IF3, via a network of pipes. Overflow from IF3 will discharge from AD3 and drain via overland flow to the wetlands and Ipswich River along the southern property line (Discharge Point DP1).
- Drainage Area PR2A will consist of landscaped area. Stormwater flow from PR2A will drain via overland flow to the wetlands in the northern portion of the property (Discharge Point DP2).
- Drainage Area PR2B will consist of paved driveway area. Stormwater flow from PR2B will drain overland to the infiltration trenches. Overflow from infiltration trenches will drain via overland flow to the wetlands in the northern portion of the property (Discharge Point DP2).
- Drainage Area PR2C will consist of roof area. Stormwater flow from PR2C will drain to the subsurface infiltration field IF1, via a network of pipes. Overflow from IF1 will discharge from AD1 and drain via overland flow to the wetlands in the northern portion of the property (Discharge Point DP2).
- Drainage Area PR2D will consist of roof area. Stormwater flow from PR2D will drain to the subsurface infiltration field IF2, via a network of pipes. Overflow from IF2 will discharge from AD2 and drain via overland flow to the wetlands in the northern portion of the property (Discharge Point DP2).

The following table compares the peak rates of runoff under the existing and proposed conditions using the latest Atlas-14 Precipitation Data:

	Peak Rate (cfs)							
Discharge Point	2-Year (3.27" Rain	Storm Ifall Depth)		r Storm Ifall Depth)	100-Year Storm (8.17" Rainfall Depth)			
Foint	Existing	Proposed	Existing	Proposed	Existing	Proposed		
DP1	0.29	0.21	1.07	0.84	2.65	2.12		
DP2	0.30	0.13	0.94	0.57	2.17	2.17		

cfs – Cubic Feet per Second



Standard 3: Recharge

The Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook states that loss of annual recharge to groundwater shall be eliminated or minimized. The annual recharge from the post-development site shall approximate the annual recharge from the pre-development conditions based on soil type. Recharge volumes are provided for all of the proposed impervious areas. For the purpose of these calculations, all of the development areas are considered to be Hydrologic Soil Group B. The required recharge volume is 0.35" multiplied by the area of impervious surfaces. Please see the attached Hydrocad summaries for the recharge volumes provided within the infiltration basin (Appendix VI). The volumes is as follows:

Required Recharge Volume, HSG B = Target Depth * Impervious Area = 0.35" * 7,180 SF = 209 CF

The recharge volume is provided below the top of the infiltration trenches and the rim of the overflow drains in the infiltration trenches. The total volume provided is 1,426 cubic feet. Since the volume provided is greater than the required recharge volume, the standard is met.

The Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook states that the recharge volume must drain within 72 hours. Observations in deep hole soil testing performed on-site indicate that the soil that the chamber system will be installed upon is sandy loam. Please see the soil testing logs in Appendix IV. The following "drawdown" calculation assumes a Rawl's Rate of 1.02 inches per hour, corresponding to texture class "Sandy Loam".

Infiltration Trenches: Drawdown Time = Storage Volume / (Rawl's Rate * Bottom Area) = 780 CF / (1.02 in/hr * 975 SF) = 9.4 Hour Infiltration Field IF1: Drawdown Time = Storage Volume / (Rawl's Rate * Bottom Area) = 220 CF / (1.02 in/hr * 320 SF) = 8.1 Hour Infiltration Field IF2: Drawdown Time = Storage Volume / (Rawl's Rate * Bottom Area) = 206 CF / (1.02 in/hr * 300 SF) = 8.1 Hour Infiltration Field IF3:

Drawdown Time = Storage Volume / (Rawl's Rate * Bottom Area) = 220 CF / (1.02 in/hr * 320 SF) = 8.1 Hour

Since the design drawdown times are less than 72 hours, the requirement is met.

Standard 4: Water Quality

The Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook states that systems shall be designed to remove 80% of the average annual post-development construction load of Total Suspended Solids (TSS). The treatment BMP's have been sized to provide at least 80% TSS removal and measures will be taken for long-term pollution prevention.

According to the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook, the proposed infiltration basin is the be sized to treat 1" of stormwater volume over the contributing impervious areas. The water quality volume calculation is as follows:

Required Water Quality Volume = 1" * Impervious Area = 1" * 7,180 SF = 598 CF



The water quality volume is provided below the top of the infiltration trenches and the rim of the overflow drains in the infiltration fields. The volume provided is 1,426 cubic feet. Since the volume provided is greater than the required water quality volume, the standard is met.

Standard 5: Land Uses with Higher Potential Pollutant Loads

The proposed project is not a Land Use with Higher Potential Pollutant Load (LUHPPL).

Standard 6: Critical Area

The proposed project discharges to wetlands which are a tributary to the Ipswich River. The infiltration systems have been sized to treat 1" of stormwater volume over the contributing impervious areas as described under Standard 4.

Standard 7: Redevelopment

The proposed project is not a redevelopment.

Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion & Sedimentation Control

Best management practices (BMP) for erosion and sedimentation control are staked, silt fences, compost wood fiber sock, hydro seeding, and phased development. Many stormwater BMP technologies (e.g., infiltration technologies) are not designed to handle the high concentrations of sediments typically found in construction runoff and must be protected from construction-related sediment loadings. Construction BMP's <u>must</u> be maintained. In developing the proposed project certain measures will be implemented to minimize impacts erosion and sedimentation could have on surrounding areas. This section addresses items that involve proper construction techniques, close surveillance of workmanship, and immediate response to emergency situations. The developer must be prepared to provide whatever reasonable measures are necessary to protect the environment during construction and to stabilize all disturbed areas as soon as construction ends. Construction period pollution prevention and erosion and sediment control shall meet the requirements for the 2022 EPA Construction General Permit for all projects requiring coverage under the CGP.

Pre-Construction

- 1. The contractor shall have a stockpile of materials required to control erosion on-site to be used to supplement or repair erosion control devices. These materials shall include, but are not limited to compost wood fiber sock, silt fence, compost wood fiber sock and crushed stone.
- 2. The contractor is responsible for erosion control on site and shall utilize erosion control measures where needed, regardless of whether the measures are specified on the plan or in the order of conditions.

Preliminary Site Work

- 1. Excavated materials should be stockpiled, separating the topsoil for future use on the site. Erosion control shall be utilized along the down slope side of the piles and side slopes shall not exceed 2:1.
- 2. If intense rainfall is anticipated, the installation of supplemental straw bale dikes, silt fences, or armored dikes shall be considered.
- 3. Unsuitable excavated material shall be removed from the site.
- 4. Construction entrance shall be installed.
- 5. Existing catch basins shall be protected with silt sacks.



Ongoing Site Work

- 1. Erosion control measures shall be regularly inspected and replaced as needed.
- 2. Dewatering shall be done in a manner so as not to transmit silt, sand or particulate matter to the receiving water or existing drainage system.

Landscaping

- 1. Landscaping shall occur as soon as possible to provide permanent stabilization of disturbed surfaces.
- 2. If the season or adverse weather conditions do not allow the establishment of vegetation, temporary mulching with straw, wood chips weighted with snow fence or branches, or other methods shall be provided.
- 3. A minimum of 4 inches of topsoil shall be placed and its surface smoothed to the specified grades.
- 4. The use of herbicides is strongly discouraged.
- 5. Hydro seeding is encouraged for steep slopes. Application rates on slopes greater than 3:1 shall have a minimum seeding rate of 5-lbs/1000 SF. A latex or fiber tackifier shall be used on these slopes at a minimum rate of 50 lbs. of tackifier per 500 gallons of water used.



57 Perkins Row – Construction Phase Maintenance

Operations and Maintenance Log Inspections for Year:

Structural Best Management Practice (Frequency)	Action	Date Completed	Completed By	Comments
Compost Wood Fiber Sock and Silt Fence	Inspect/ Clean			
Inspect weekly and after	Inspect/ Clean			
major storm event.	Inspect/ Clean			
	Inspect/ Clean			
Proposed Catch Basin Silt Sock	Inspect/ Clean			
Inspect weekly and after	Inspect/ Clean			
major storm event.	Inspect/ Clean			
	Inspect/ Clean			
Vegetated Areas	Inspect			
Inspect weekly and after major storm event.	Inspect			
Construction Entrance	Inspect/Clean			
Inspect weekly and after major storm event.	Inspect/Clean			
Soil Stock Pile Area	Inspect			
Inspect weekly and after major storm event.	Inspect			



Standard 9: Operations and Maintenance Plan

The information provided herein is intended to provide the base information for operation and maintenance of the site in perpetuity subject to updates and revisions as required at a future date. As such all future property owners must be notified in writing of this plan and be provided with a copy of this plan, a complete set of the design drawings and/or a completed as-built plan showing all the drainage features as they were constructed, which are considered part of this document. Please see the attached Operations and Maintenance Log (Appendix IX).

Stormwater management system owner:Kevin Whelan (978-500-9729)The party responsible for operation and maintenance:Kevin Whelan (978-500-9729)

Preliminary Stormwater Operation and Maintenance Budget

Quarterly Inspection and Maintenance x \$2,500 per visit = \$10,000 annually

Illicit Discharge - Practices to Minimize Storm Water Contamination

- All waste materials will be collected and stored in a securely lidded metal dumpster.
- All trash and debris from the site will be deposited in the dumpster. The dumpster will be emptied on a regular schedule prior to being over full.
- All personnel will be instructed regarding the correct procedure for waste disposal.
- Good housekeeping and spill control practices will be followed to minimize storm water contamination from petroleum products, paints, and cleaning products.
- All site vehicles will be monitored for leaks and receive regular preventive maintenance to reduce the chance of leakage.
- Spill kits will be provided with any activity that could provide contamination.
- All paint containers and curing compounds will be tightly sealed and stored when not required for use. Excess paint will not be discharged to the storm sewers, but will be properly disposed according to the manufacturer's instructions.
- All spills will be cleaned up immediately upon discovery. Spills large enough to reach the storm sewers will be reported to the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Northeast Regional Office at 1-888-304-1133.

Infiltration Fields

The infiltration fields shall be inspected after every major storm for the first few months to ensure it is stabilized and functioning properly. If necessary, corrective action shall be taken until the system functions properly. Inspectors should note how long water remains standing in the inspection port after a storm; standing water within the basin 48 to 72 hours after a storm indicates that the infiltration capacity may have been overestimated. If the ponding is due to clogging, immediately address the reasons for the clogging. Thereafter, inspect the infiltration BMP at least twice per year.

Infiltration Trenches

The infiltration trenches shall be inspected in early May and the second half of October. Any accumulated silt, trash, or debris shall be removed from the infiltration trenches. Crushed stone shall be replenished as needed. If silt reaches halfway up the crushed stone, it shall be removed, and the stone replaced or replenished as needed.

Roof Drain Leaders

Routine roof inspections shall be performed two times per year. The roof shall be kept clean and free of debris, and the roof drainage systems shall be kept clear. Gutters and downspouts shall be cleaned at least twice per year, or more frequently as necessary.

Vegetated Areas Maintenance

Although not a structural component of the drainage system, the maintenance of vegetated areas may affect the functioning of stormwater management practices. This includes the health/density of vegetative cover and



activities such as the application and disposal of lawn and garden care products, disposal of leaves and yard trimmings.

Initial Post-Construction Inspection

During the initial period of vegetation establishment pruning and weeding are required twice in first year by contractor or owner. Any dead vegetation/plantings found after the first year will be replaced. Proper mulching is mandatory and regular watering may be required initially to ensure proper establishment of new vegetation.

Long-Term Maintenance

The planted areas shall be inspected on a semi-annual basis and any litter removed. Weeds and invasive plant species shall be removed by hand. Maintain planted areas adjacent to pavement to prevent soil washout. Immediately clean any soil deposits on pavement. Leaf litter and other detritus shall be removed twice per year. If needed to maintain aesthetic appearance, perennial plantings may be trimmed at the end of the growing season.

Trees and shrubs shall be inspected twice per year to evaluate health and attended to as necessary. Seeded ground cover or grass areas shall not receive mulching. Re-seed bare areas; install appropriate erosion control measures when native soil is exposed or erosion channels are forming. Plant alternative mixtures of grass species in the event of unsuccessful establishment. The grass vegetation should not be cut to a height less than four inches.

Pesticide/Herbicide Usage

No pesticides are to be used unless a single spot treatment is required for a specific control application.



57 Perkins Row – Post Construction Maintenance

Operations and Maintenance Log Inspections for Year:

Structural Best Management Practice (Frequency)	Action	Date Completed	Completed By	Comments
Infiltration Fields – Inspect twice per year. Clean as	Inspect			
required	Inspect			
Infiltration Trenches – Inspect twice per year.	Inspect			
Clean as required	Inspect			
Roof Drain Leaders – Inspect/clean twice per	Inspect/Clean			
year.	Inspect/Clean			
Vegetated Areas Maintenance – Inspect	Inspect			
twice per year. Maintain as required.	Inspect			

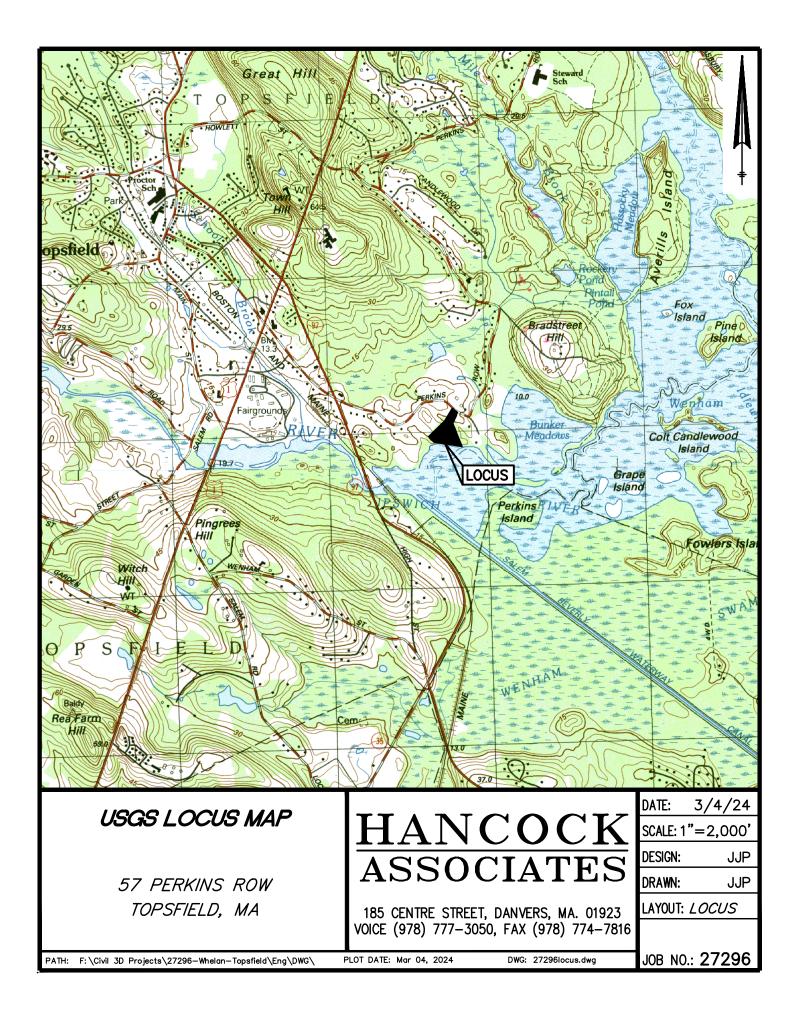


Standard 10: Prohibition of Illicit Discharges

No illicit discharges currently exist and no future illicit discharges will be allowed including wastewater discharges and discharges of stormwater contaminated by contact with process wastes, raw materials, toxic pollutants, hazardous substances, soil, or grease.

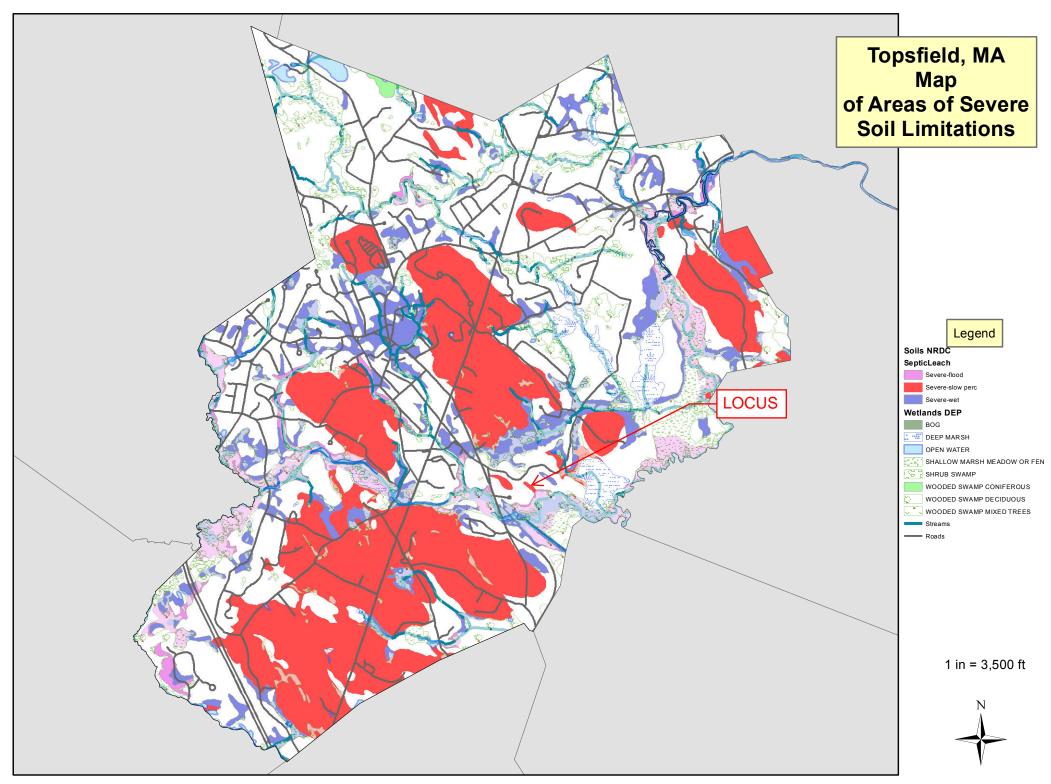


Appendix I Locus Map



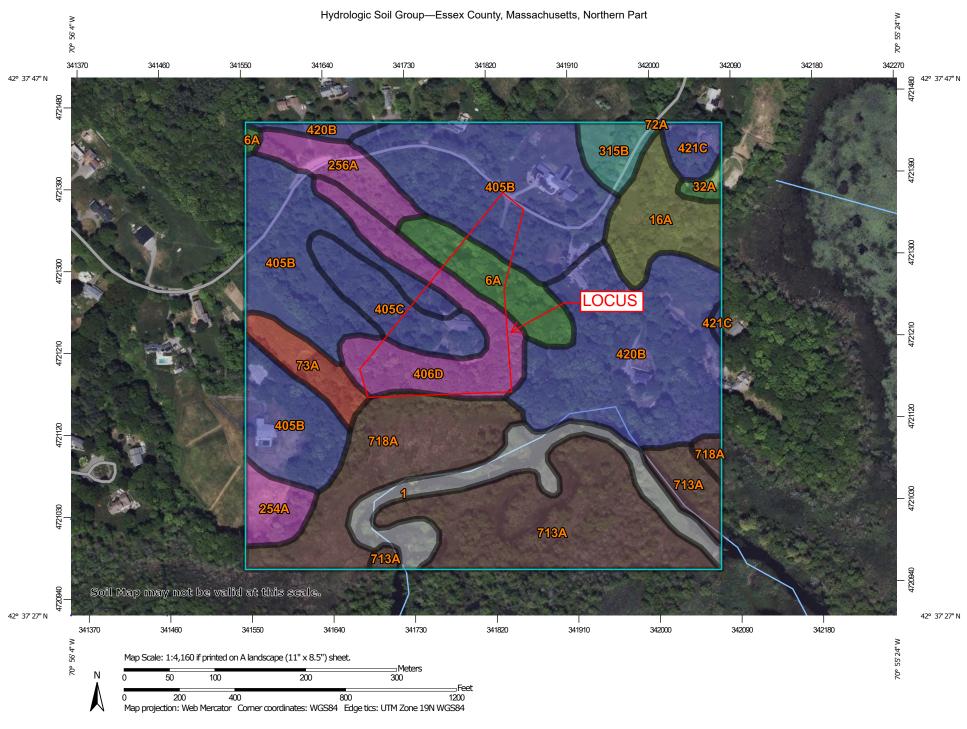


Appendix II Topsfield, MA Map of Areas of Severe Limitations





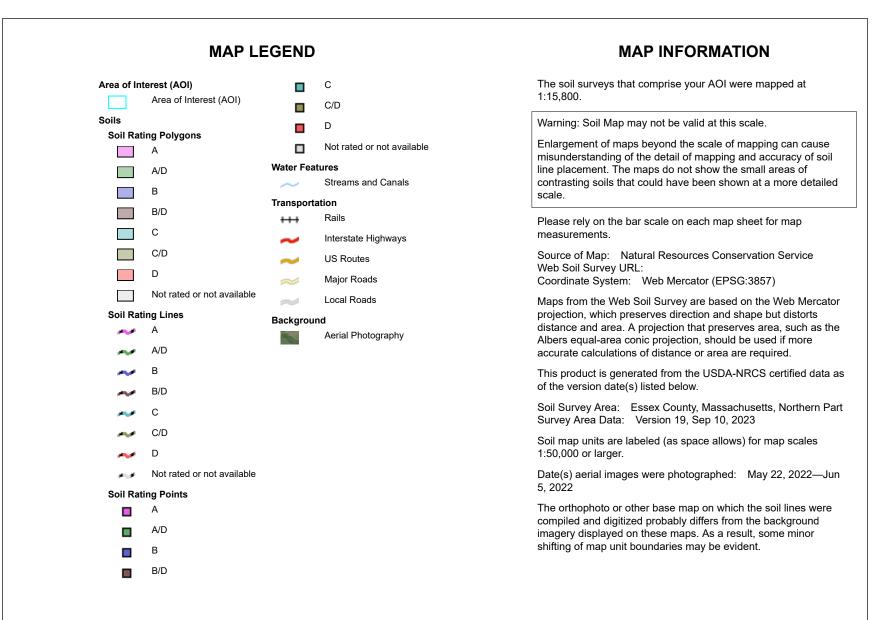
Appendix III NRCS Soils Map



USDA Natural Resources

Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey



Hydrologic Soil Group-Essex County, Massachusetts, Northern Part



Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
1	Water		3.7	5.8%
6A	Scarboro mucky fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	A/D	2.5	4.0%
16A	Scantic silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	C/D	2.9	4.6%
32A	Wareham loamy sand, 0 to 3 percent slopes	A/D	0.3	0.5%
72A	Whitman fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	D	0.0	0.0%
73A	Whitman fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, extremely stony	D	1.5	2.3%
254A	Merrimac fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	A	1.3	2.0%
256A	Deerfield loamy fine sand, 0 to 3 percent slopes	A	1.9	2.9%
315B	Scituate fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	С	1.2	1.8%
405B	Charlton fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	В	16.3	25.5%
405C	Charlton fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	В	2.5	3.9%
406D	Charlton fine sandy loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes, very stony	A	4.4	6.8%
420B	Canton fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	В	9.8	15.2%
421C	Canton fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, very stony	В	1.0	1.5%
713A	Limerick and Rumney soils, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded	B/D	9.0	14.1%
718A	Saco variant silt loam, frequently ponded, 0 to 1 percent slopes, frequently flooded	B/D	5.9	9.2%

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
Totals for Area of Interes	st	64.0	100.0%	

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified Tie-break Rule: Higher



Appendix IV Soil Testing Logs

NOTES:

1.) ELEVATIONS BASED ON NAVD88.

2.) TOPOGRAPHIC FEATURES AND LOCATIONS ARE THE RESULT OF AN ACTUAL FIELD SURVEY PERFORMED BY THE MORIN-CAMERON GROUP SEPTEMBER OF 2014.

3.) WETLAND RESOURCE AREAS WERE FLAGGED BY DEROSA ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTING AND LOCATED BY THE MORIN-CAMERON GROUP. 4.) MEAN ANNUAL HIGH WATER DETERMINED IN FIELD BY OBSERVATIONS OF

STAINING ON TREES AS DETERMINED BY DEROSA ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTING. 5.) IPSWICH RIVER LOCATION TAKEN FROM THE TOWN OF TOPSFIELD GIS MAP. 6.) PROPERTY LINE INFORMATION COMPILED FROM VARIOUS PLANS AND DEEDS AND SHOULD BE CONSIDERED APPROXIMATE ONLY. 7.) WETLAND RESOURCE AREAS WITHIN THE SURVEYED PREMISES INCLUDE THE FÓLLOWING:

-LIMIT OF MEAN HIGH WATER -APPROXIMATE BANK FULL RIVER CHANNEL -WETLAND FLAG NUMBERS A3 TO A20, B5 TO B13 AND C1 TO C10

*ALL OTHER WETLAND RESOURCE AREAS DEPICTED OUTSIDE THE PREMISES AND ILLUSTRATED HERON ARE TO DETERMINE THE EXTENT OF JURISDICTIONAL BUFFER ZONE IMPACTS ON THE SUBJECT PREMISE ONLY. 8.) THIS PLAN HAS BEEN PREPARED FOR OUR CLIENTS USE ONLY FOR THE SPECIFIC PURPOSE OF A PRELIMINARY SUBDIVISION PLAN. IT IS NOT TO BE USED OR RELIED UPON AS A CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENT OR ANY OTHER USE BY OTHERS WITHOUT THE WRITTEN CONSENT OF THE MORIN-CAMERON GROUP, INC.

PLAN & DEED REFERENCES: 1.) LAND COURT CERTIFICATE NO. 87747. 2.) LAND COURT PLAN 21476-B.

3.) DOCUMENT NO. 107106

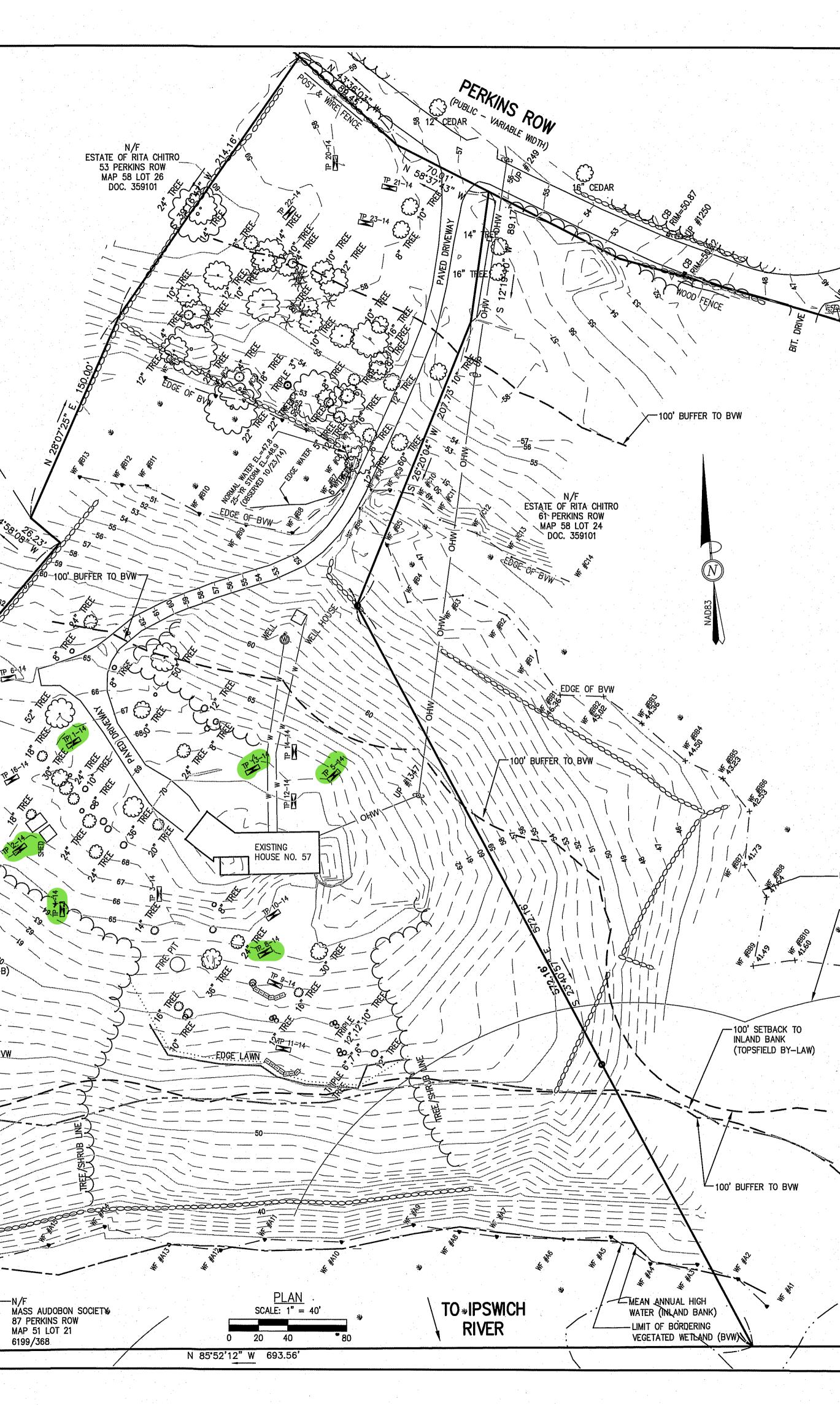
N/F ESTATE OF RITA CHITRO 43 PERKINS ROW MAP 58 LOT 28 DOC. 359101

N/F PAUL L. HARDING 31 PERKINS ROW MAP 58 LOT 29 30990/566 N/F KEITH H. SHERWOOD 291 PERKINS ROW MAP 58 LOT 30

27984/602

XJ.OC.

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N/F ESTATE OF RITA CHITRO ,

45 PERKINS ROW MAP 58 LOT 27 DOC. 359101

LOT B 356,838± S.F. 8:2 ± ACRES

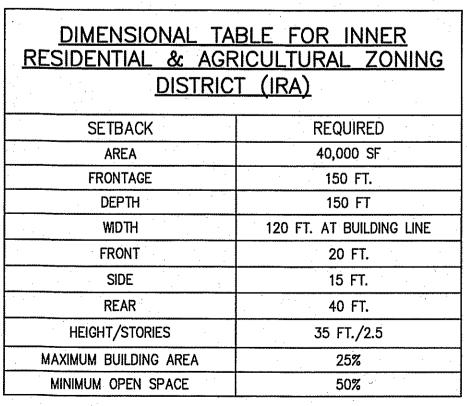
-100' BUFFER TO BYW

6199/368

(AS SHOWN ON LAND COURT PLAN NO. 21476

LIMIT OF BORDERING VEGETATED WETLAND (BVW)

-200' RIVERFRONT AREA (3.3± ACRES WITHIN THE PARCEL BOUNDARY) (TOPSFIELD BY-LAW)

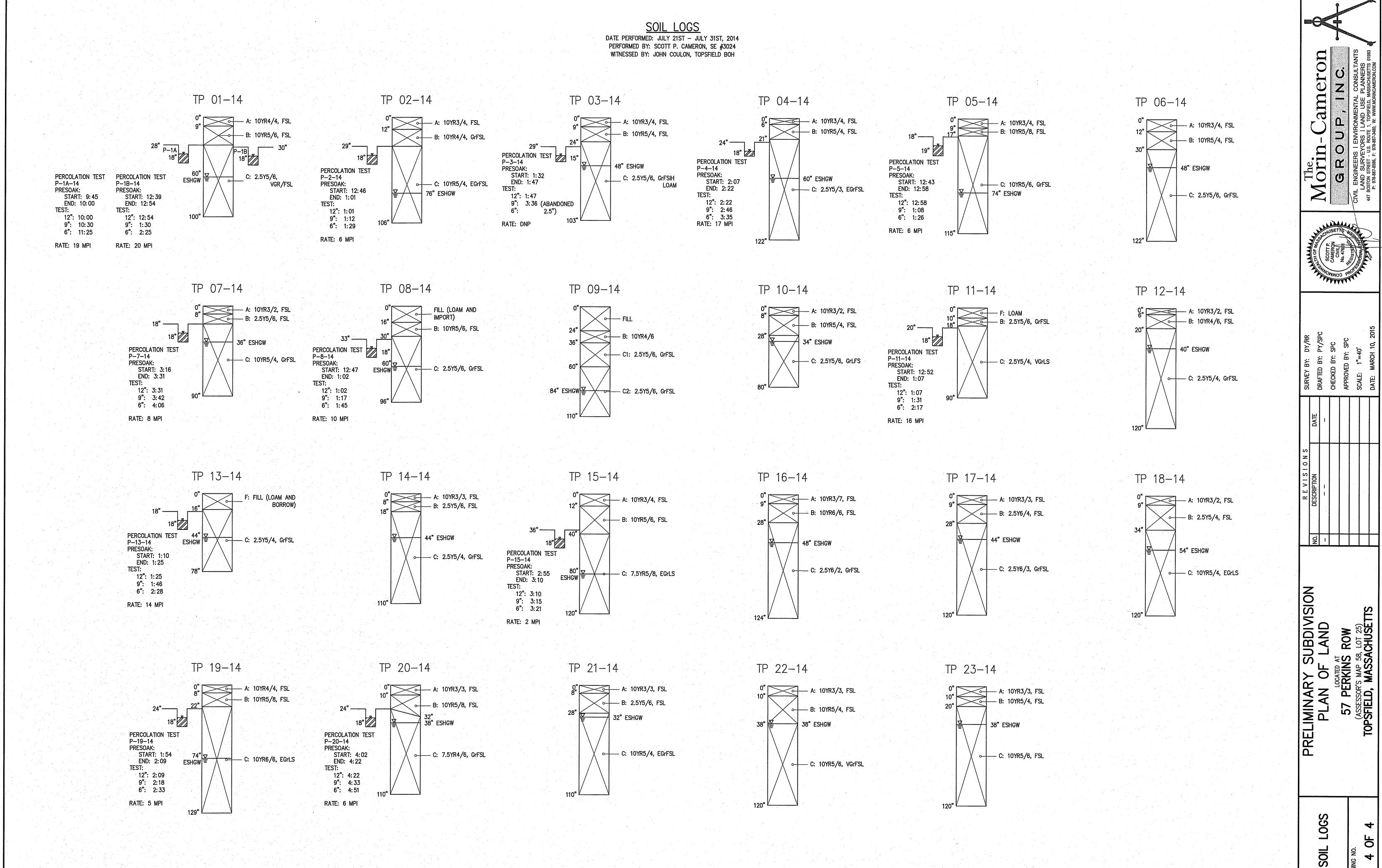


ZONING TABLE NOTE:

1. EACH LOT MUST FIT A 100' DIAMETER CIRCLE WHERE ONLY 10% OF THE CIRCLE IS WITHIN THE BUFFER ZONE TO A WETLAND RESOURCE AREA.

		F	JE S					æ
	Morin-Cameron					CIVIL ENGINEERS I ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS	LAND SURVEYORS LAND USE PLANNERS	447 BOSTON STREET - U.S. ROUTE 1, TOPSFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS 01983
		WITH OF M460	THE ALLOS	A CONTROL OF THE	2 Na 47601 5	A COLORENTE AND	A MINOR	Alter
	SURVEY BY: DY/RR			CHECKED BY: SPC	APPROVED BY: SPC	COALE 4"-40"		DATE: MARCH 10, 2015
		DATE	-					
	REVISIONS	DESCRIPTION						
	PROPOSED DEFINITIVE SUBDIVISION		PLAN OF LAND	I OCATED AT	57 DERKING ROW			
· ·	EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS							ふ C 4

PROJ. #3274

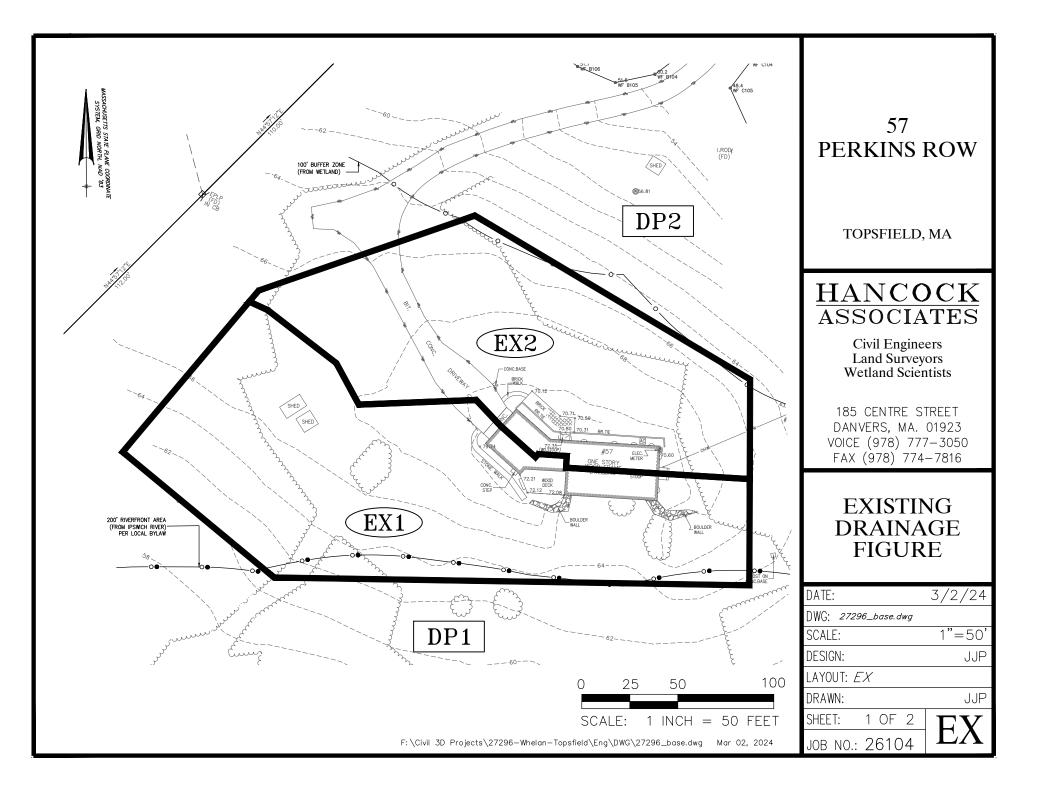


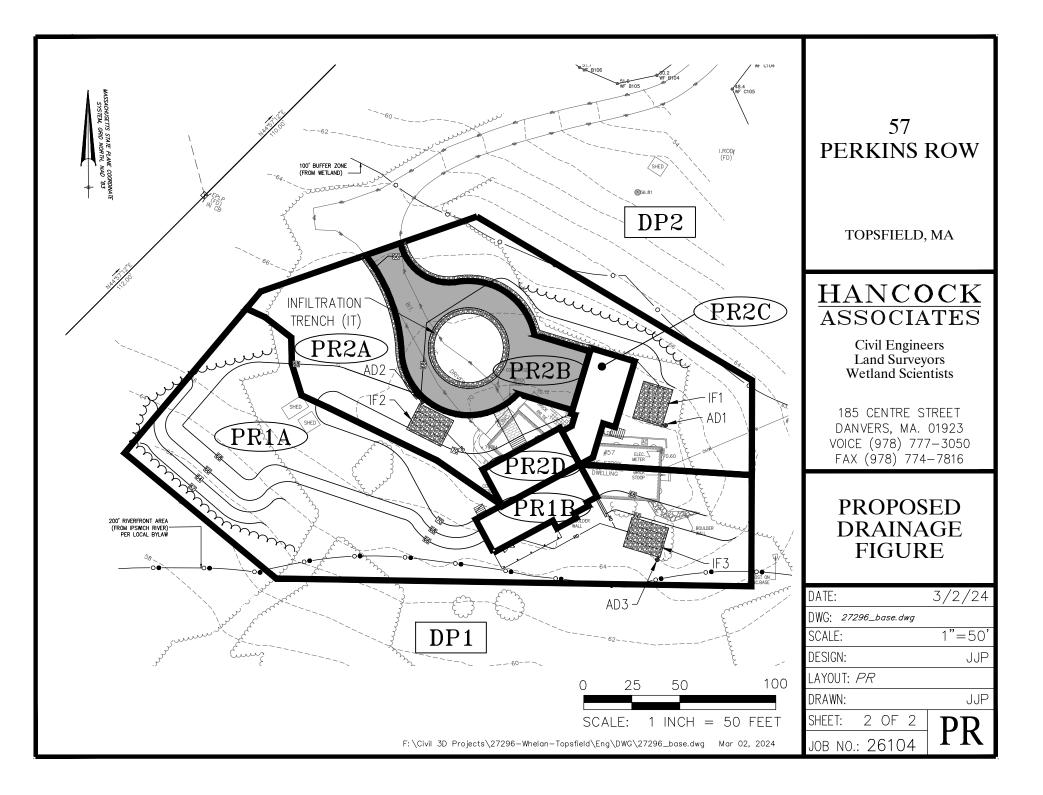
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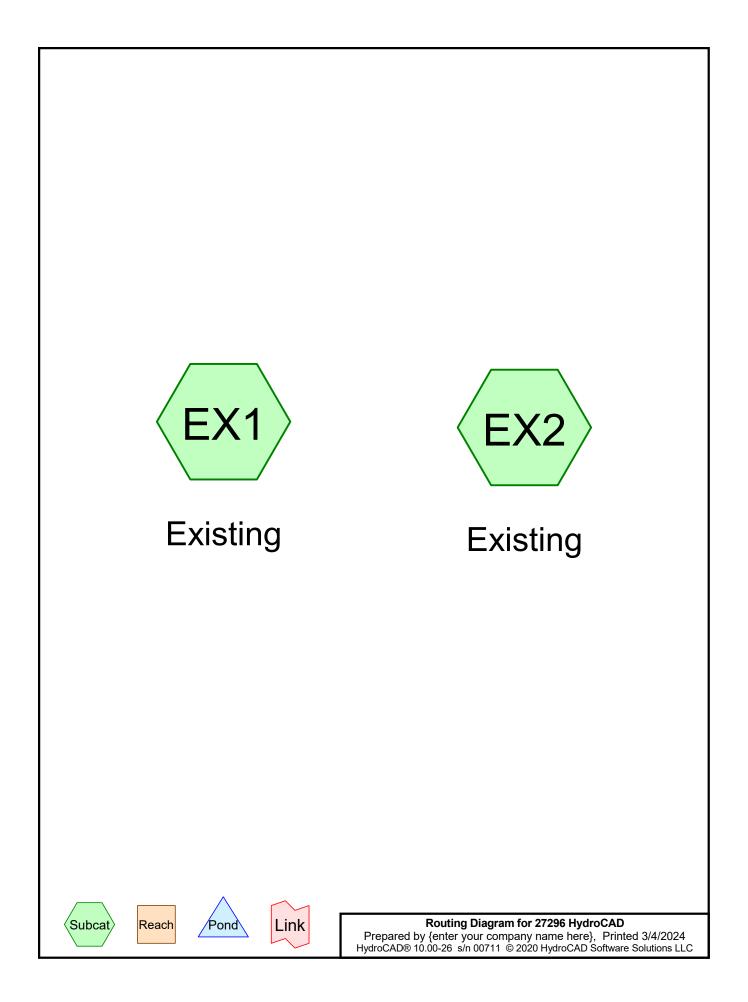
Appendix V Existing and Proposed Drainage Figures







Appendix VI Hydrocad Output



Summary for Subcatchment EX1: Existing

Runoff = 0.29 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.027 af, Depth> 0.55"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-year Rainfall=3.27"

Ar	rea (sf)	CN	Description					
	24,300	61	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	Good, HSG B			
	1,291	98	Roofs, HSG	βB				
	233	98	Paved park	ing, HSG B	В			
	164	98	Unconnecte	ed pavemer	ent, HSG B			
	25,988	63	Weighted A	verage				
	24,300		93.50% Per	vious Area	а			
	1,688		6.50% Impervious Area					
	164		9.72% Unconnected					
-			N/ I	0				
Tc	Length	Slope	•	Capacity	•			
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)				
5.0					Direct Entry,			

Summary for Subcatchment EX2: Existing

Runoff	=	0.30 cfs @	12.10 hrs, Vo	lume=	0.025 af,	Depth> 0.6	8"
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Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-year Rainfall=3.27"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Adj Dese	Description				
	16,503	61	>759	% Grass co	over, Good, HSG B			
	1,079	98	Root	s, HSG B				
	1,559	98	Pave	ed parking,	HSG B			
	308	98	Unco	onnected pa	avement, HSG B			
	19,449	67	67 66 Weighted Average, UI Adjusted					
	16,503		84.85% Pervious Area					
	2,946		15.15% Impervious Area					
	308		10.45% Unconnected					
_								
Тс	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description			
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
5.0					Direct Entry,			

Time span=0.00-24.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 481 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment EX1: Existing	Runoff A

noff Area=25,988 sf 6.50% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.62" Tc=5.0 min CN=63 Runoff=1.07 cfs 0.080 af

Subcatchment EX2: Existing

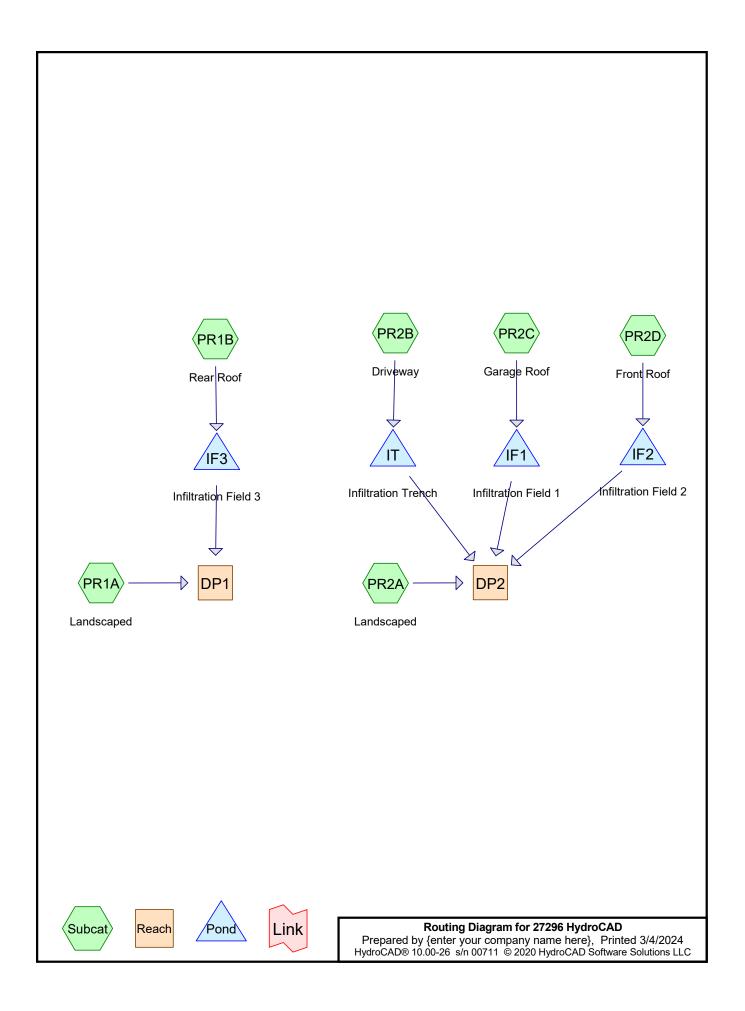
Runoff Area=19,449 sf 15.15% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.84" Tc=5.0 min UI Adjusted CN=66 Runoff=0.94 cfs 0.069 af Time span=0.00-24.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 481 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment EX1: Existing	

Runoff Area=25,988 sf 6.50% Impervious Runoff Depth>3.80" Tc=5.0 min CN=63 Runoff=2.65 cfs 0.189 af

Subcatchment EX2: Existing

Runoff Area=19,449 sf 15.15% Impervious Runoff Depth>4.14" Tc=5.0 min UI Adjusted CN=66 Runoff=2.17 cfs 0.154 af



Summary for Subcatchment PR1A: Landscaped

Runoff = 0.21 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.021 af, Depth> 0.51"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-year Rainfall=3.27"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description					
	20,954	61	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	iood, HSG B			
	39	98	Unconnecte	ed pavemer	ent, HSG B			
	459	98	Roofs, HSC	βB				
	21,452	62	Weighted A	verage				
	20,954		97.68% Pervious Area					
	498		2.32% Impervious Area					
	39		7.83% Unconnected					
_								
Тс	Length	Slope	,	Capacity	1			
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)				
5.0					Direct Entry,			

Summary for Subcatchment PR1B: Rear Roof

Runoff = 0.07 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.005 af, Depth> 3.04"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-year Rainfall=3.27"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description		
	946	98 F	Roofs, HSG	βB	
	946		100.00% In	npervious A	Area
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
5.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment PR2A: Landscaped

Runoff = 0.13 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.014 af, Depth> 0.47"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-year Rainfall=3.27"

Area (sf)	CN	Adj	Description		
15,163	61		>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B		
256	98		Unconnected pavement, HSG B		
15,419	62	61	Weighted Average, UI Adjusted		
15,163			98.34% Pervious Área		
256			1.66% Impervious Area		
256			100.00% Unconnected		

27296 HydroCADType III 24-hr2-year Rainfall=3.27"Prepared by {enter your company name here}Printed 3/4/2024HydroCAD® 10.00-26 s/n 00711 © 2020 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLCPage 3							
Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity Description (min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)							
5.0 Direct Entry,							
Summary for Subcatchment PR2B: Driveway							
Runoff = 0.31 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.022 af, Depth> 2.14"							
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-year Rainfall=3.27"							
Area (sf) CN Description							
4,070 98 Paved parking, HSG B 1,385 61 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B							
5,455 89 Weighted Average							
1,385 25.39% Pervious Area							
4,070 74.61% Impervious Area							
Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity Description							
(min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs) 5.0 Direct Entry,							
27							
Summary for Subcatchment PR2C: Garage Roof							
Runoff = 0.09 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.007 af, Depth> 3.04"							
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-year Rainfall=3.27"							
Area (sf) CN Description							
1,171 98 Roofs, HSG B							
1,171 100.00% Impervious Area							
Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity Description (min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)							
5.0 Direct Entry,							
Summary for Subcatchment PR2D: Front Roof							
Runoff = 0.07 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.006 af, Depth> 3.04"							
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-year Rainfall=3.27"							

 Area (sf)
 CN
 Description

 993
 98
 Roofs, HSG B

 993
 100.00% Impervious Area

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	ngth Slope eet) (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
5.0							
	Summary for Reach DP1:						
Inflow Area = 0.514 ac, 6.45% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 0.49" for 2-year event Inflow = 0.21 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.021 af Outflow = 0.21 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.021 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min							
Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs							
Summary for Reach DP2:							
Inflow Area =	• 0.529	ac, 28.179	% Impervio	us, Inflow Depth > 0.32" for 2-year event			

IIIIIOw Alea -	0.529 aC, 20.17 /01	inpervious, innow D	
Inflow =	0.13 cfs @ 12.11 h	irs, Volume=	0.014 af
Outflow =	0.13 cfs @ 12.11 h	irs, Volume=	0.014 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Summary for Pond IF1: Infiltration Field 1

Inflow Area =	0.027 ac,100.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 3.04" for 2-year event
Inflow =	0.09 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.007 af
Outflow =	0.01 cfs @ 11.35 hrs, Volume= 0.007 af, Atten= 91%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded =	0.01 cfs @ 11.35 hrs, Volume= 0.007 af
Primary =	0.00 cfs $\overline{@}$ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0.000 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 4 Peak Elev= 67.24' @ 12.94 hrs Surf.Area= 320 sf Storage= 106 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 100.7 min calculated for 0.007 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 100.0 min (854.7 - 754.7)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Stor	rage Storag	e Description	
#1	66.50'	22		rface Trench ST 1 Overall x 45.0%	l (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc) Voids
Elevatio (fee		rf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
66.5	50	320	0	0	
67.5	50	320	320	320	
68.5	55	1	169	489	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devic	es	
#1 #2	Discarded Primary	66.50' 68.50'	6.0" x 6.0" H	Exfiltration over S Ioriz. Orifice/Gra eir flow at low hea	te C= 0.600

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.01 cfs @ 11.35 hrs HW=66.52' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.01 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=66.50' (Free Discharge)

Summary for Pond IF2: Infiltration Field 2

Inflow Area =	0.023 ac,100.00% Impervious, Inflow De	epth > 3.04" for 2-year event
Inflow =	0.07 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=	0.006 af
Outflow =	0.01 cfs @ 11.50 hrs, Volume=	0.006 af, Atten= 90%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded =	0.01 cfs @ 11.50 hrs, Volume=	0.006 af
Primary =	0.00 cfs $\overline{@}$ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0.000 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 66.94' @ 12.84 hrs Surf.Area= 300 sf Storage= 86 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 85.1 min calculated for 0.006 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 84.2 min (838.9 - 754.7)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Stora	ge Storage	e Description
#1	66.30'	206		rface Trench ST1 (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc) Overall x 45.0% Voids
Elevatio	on Su	rf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store
(fee	et)	(sq-ft) (d	cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
66.3	80	300	0	0
67.3	80	300	300	300
68.3	35	1	158	458
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	es
#1	Discarded	66.30'	1.020 in/hr Ex	Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary			loriz. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600 eir flow at low heads
Discarded OutFlow Max=0.01 cfs @ 11.50 hrs HW=66.32' (Free Discharge) ☐1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.01 cfs)				
		ax=0.00 cfs @ Controls 0.00		W=66.30' (Free Discharge)
		Summ	ary for Por	nd IF3: Infiltration Field 3

Inflow Area =	0.022 ac,100.00% Impervious, Inflow De	epth > 3.04" for 2-year event
Inflow =	0.07 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=	0.005 af
Outflow =	0.01 cfs @ 11.60 hrs, Volume=	0.005 af, Atten= 89%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded =	0.01 cfs @ 11.60 hrs, Volume=	0.005 af
Primary =	0.00 cfs $\overline{@}$ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0.000 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2

Peak Elev= 62.55' @ 12.72 hrs Surf.Area= 320 sf Storage= 79 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 70.2 min calculated for 0.005 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 69.4 min (824.1 - 754.7)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Stor	rage Storage	e Description	
#1	62.00'	22		rface Trench ST1 Overall x 45.0%	l (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc) Voids
Elevatio	on Su	rf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
62.0	00	320	0	0	
63.0	00	320	320	320	
64.0)5	1	169	489	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devic	es	
#1	Discarded	62.00'	1.020 in/hr E	Exfiltration over S	Surface area
#2	Primary	64.00'	6.0" x 6.0" H	loriz. Orifice/Gra	te C= 0.600
			Limited to we	eir flow at low hea	ads
Discourded OutFlow Max-0.01 of a 11.60 bra HW-62.02' (Free Discourse)					

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.01 cfs @ 11.60 hrs HW=62.02' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.01 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=62.00' (Free Discharge) —2=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond IT: Infiltration Trench

Inflow Area =	0.125 ac, 74.61% Impervious, Inflow De	epth > 2.14" for 2-year event
Inflow =	0.31 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=	0.022 af
Outflow =	0.02 cfs @ 11.45 hrs, Volume=	0.022 af, Atten= 93%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded =	0.02 cfs @ 11.45 hrs, Volume=	0.022 af
Primary =	0.00 cfs $\overline{@}$ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0.000 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 67.05' @ 13.47 hrs Surf.Area= 975 sf Storage= 408 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 155.9 min calculated for 0.022 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 155.1 min (964.0 - 808.9)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage	Description	
#1	66.00'	799 cf		ion Trench (Pris f Overall x 40.0%	m atic) Listed below (Recalc) % Voids
Elevation (feet)	Surf. (s		nc.Store pic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
66.00 68.05		975 975	0 1,999	0 1,999	

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	66.00'	1.020 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	68.00'	122.0' Iong Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s)
Discard	ed OutFlow	Max=0.02 cfs	s @ 11.45 hrs HW=66.02' (Free Discharge)

1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.02 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=66.00' (Free Discharge) 2=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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Time span=0.00-24.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 481 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment PR1A: Landscaped	Runoff Area=21,452 sf 2.32% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.54" Tc=5.0 min CN=62 Runoff=0.84 cfs 0.063 af
Subcatchment PR1B: Rear Roof	Runoff Area=946 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>4.93" Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.11 cfs 0.009 af
Subcatchment PR2A: Landscaped	Runoff Area=15,419 sf 1.66% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.47" Tc=5.0 min UI Adjusted CN=61 Runoff=0.57 cfs 0.043 af
Subcatchment PR2B: Driveway	Runoff Area=5,455 sf 74.61% Impervious Runoff Depth>3.93" Tc=5.0 min CN=89 Runoff=0.56 cfs 0.041 af
Subcatchment PR2C: Garage Roof	Runoff Area=1,171 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>4.93" Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.14 cfs 0.011 af
Subcatchment PR2D: Front Roof	Runoff Area=993 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>4.93" Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.12 cfs 0.009 af
Reach DP1:	Inflow=0.84 cfs 0.063 af Outflow=0.84 cfs 0.063 af
Reach DP2:	Inflow=0.57 cfs 0.047 af Outflow=0.57 cfs 0.047 af

Summary for Pond IF1: Infiltration Field 1

Inflow Area =	0.027 ac,100.00% Impervious, Inflow De	epth > 4.93" for 10-year event
Inflow =	0.14 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=	0.011 af
Outflow =	0.01 cfs @ 13.36 hrs, Volume=	0.006 af, Atten= 90%, Lag= 77.7 min
Discarded =	0.01 cfs @ 10.50 hrs, Volume=	0.006 af
Primary =	0.01 cfs @ 13.37 hrs, Volume=	0.000 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 4 Peak Elev= 68.51' @ 13.35 hrs Surf.Area= 12 sf Storage= 220 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 137.9 min calculated for 0.006 af (55% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 18.9 min (765.1 - 746.2)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	66.50'	220 cf	Subsurface Trench ST1 (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc) 489 cf Overall x 45.0% Voids

Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
66.50	320	0	0
67.50	320	320	320
68.55	1	169	489

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	66.50'	1.020 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	68.50'	6.0" x 6.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600
			Limited to weir flow at low heads

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.01 cfs @ 10.50 hrs HW=66.52' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.01 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.01 cfs @ 13.37 hrs HW=68.51' (Free Discharge) **2=Orifice/Grate** (Weir Controls 0.01 cfs @ 0.39 fps)

Summary for Pond IF2: Infiltration Field 2

Inflow Area =	0.023 ac,100.00% Impervious, Inflow De	epth > 4.93" for 10-year event
Inflow =	0.12 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=	0.009 af
Outflow =	0.01 cfs @ 10.70 hrs, Volume=	0.008 af, Atten= 94%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded =	0.01 cfs @ 10.70 hrs, Volume=	0.008 af
Primary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0.000 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 67.73' @ 15.26 hrs Surf.Area= 178 sf Storage= 181 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 246.8 min calculated for 0.008 af (89% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 193.4 min (939.6 - 746.2)

 Type III 24-hr
 10-year Rainfall=5.17"

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Volume	Inver	t Avail.Stor	rage Storage D	Description	
#1	66.30	' 20	6 cf Subsurfa	ce Trench ST1 (Pr	ismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
			458 cf Ov	erall x 45.0% Void	ls
Flovetic		urf Araa	Inc. Store	Cum Store	
Elevatio		urf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
66.3	30	300	0	0	
67.3	30	300	300	300	
68.3	35	1	158	458	
	-				
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices		
#1	Discarded	66.30'	1.020 in/hr Exf	iltration over Surfa	ace area
#2	Primary	68.30'	6.0" x 6.0" Hor	iz. Orifice/Grate	C = 0.600
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	00.00		flow at low heads	
				now at iow neads	
Discarded OutFlow Max=0.01 cfs @ 10.70 hrs HW=66.32' (Free Discharge)					

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=66.30' (Free Discharge) ←2=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond IF3: Infiltration Field 3

Inflow Area =	0.022 ac,100.00% Impervious, Inflow De	epth > 4.93" for 10-year event
Inflow =	0.11 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=	0.009 af
Outflow =	0.01 cfs @ 11.00 hrs, Volume=	0.009 af, Atten= 93%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded =	0.01 cfs @ 11.00 hrs, Volume=	0.009 af
Primary =	0.00 cfs $\overline{@}$ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0.000 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 63.06' @ 13.49 hrs Surf.Area= 302 sf Storage= 152 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 154.9 min calculated for 0.009 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 154.2 min (900.5 - 746.2)

Volume	Inver	t Avail.Sto	rage Storag	ge Description	
#1	62.00	' 22		urface Trench ST 1 Overall x 45.0%	l (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc) Voids
Elevatio	on S	urf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
62.0	00	320	0	0	
63.0	00	320	320	320	
64.0)5	1	169	489	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devi	ces	
#1 #2	Discarded Primary	62.00' 64.00'	6.0" x 6.0"	Exfiltration over \$ Horiz. Orifice/Gra veir flow at low hea	te C = 0.600

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.01 cfs @ 11.00 hrs HW=62.02' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.01 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=62.00' (Free Discharge) **2=Orifice/Grate** (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond IT: Infiltration Trench

Inflow Area =	0.125 ac, 74.61% Impervious, Inflow De	epth > 3.93" for 10-year event
Inflow =	0.56 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=	0.041 af
Outflow =	0.10 cfs @ 12.52 hrs, Volume=	0.033 af, Atten= 82%, Lag= 26.7 min
Discarded =	0.02 cfs @ 10.45 hrs, Volume=	0.029 af
Primary =	0.08 cfs @ 12.52 hrs, Volume=	0.004 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 68.00' @ 12.50 hrs Surf.Area= 975 sf Storage= 781 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 240.7 min calculated for 0.033 af (79% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 165.3 min (957.3 - 791.9)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Stor	age Storag	e Description	
#1	66.00'	79		tion Trench (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)	
			1,999 (cf Overall x 40.0% Voids	
Elevatio		urf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	
(fee	t)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
66.0	0	975	0	0	
68.0	5	975	1,999	1,999	
. .					
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devic	ces	
#1	Discarded	66.00'	1.020 in/hr l	Exfiltration over Surface area	
#2	Primary	68.00'	122.0' long	Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Conti	raction(s)
			- · · · - ·		

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.02 cfs @ 10.45 hrs HW=66.02' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.02 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.03 cfs @ 12.52 hrs HW=68.00' (Free Discharge) 2=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 0.03 cfs @ 0.14 fps)

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Time span=0.00-24.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 481 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment PR1A: Landscaped	Runoff Area=21,452 sf 2.32% Impervious Runoff Depth>3.69" Tc=5.0 min CN=62 Runoff=2.12 cfs 0.151 af
Subcatchment PR1B: Rear Roof	Runoff Area=946 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>7.93" Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.18 cfs 0.014 af
Subcatchment PR2A: Landscaped	Runoff Area=15,419 sf 1.66% Impervious Runoff Depth>3.57" Tc=5.0 min UI Adjusted CN=61 Runoff=1.47 cfs 0.105 af
Subcatchment PR2B: Driveway	Runoff Area=5,455 sf 74.61% Impervious Runoff Depth>6.85" Tc=5.0 min CN=89 Runoff=0.95 cfs 0.071 af
Subcatchment PR2C: Garage Roof	Runoff Area=1,171 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>7.93" Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.22 cfs 0.018 af
Subcatchment PR2D: Front Roof	Runoff Area=993 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>7.93" Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.18 cfs 0.015 af
Reach DP1:	Inflow=2.12 cfs 0.153 af Outflow=2.12 cfs 0.153 af
Reach DP2:	Inflow=2.17 cfs 0.136 af Outflow=2.17 cfs 0.136 af

Summary for Pond IF1: Infiltration Field 1

Inflow Area =	0.027 ac,100.00% Impervious, Inflow De	epth > 7.93" for 100-year event
Inflow =	0.22 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=	0.018 af
Outflow =	0.03 cfs @ 12.47 hrs, Volume=	0.010 af, Atten= 88%, Lag= 24.1 min
Discarded =	0.01 cfs @ 9.00 hrs, Volume=	0.007 af
Primary =	0.03 cfs @ 12.47 hrs, Volume=	0.004 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 4 Peak Elev= 68.52' @ 12.47 hrs Surf.Area= 9 sf Storage= 220 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 141.2 min calculated for 0.010 af (57% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 23.5 min (763.2 - 739.7)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	66.50'	220 cf	Subsurface Trench ST1 (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc) 489 cf Overall x 45.0% Voids

Elevation	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
66.50	320	0	0
67.50	320	320	320
68.55	1	169	489

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	66.50'	1.020 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	68.50'	6.0" x 6.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600
			Limited to weir flow at low heads

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.01 cfs @ 9.00 hrs HW=66.52' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.01 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.02 cfs @ 12.47 hrs HW=68.52' (Free Discharge) **2=Orifice/Grate** (Weir Controls 0.02 cfs @ 0.51 fps)

Summary for Pond IF2: Infiltration Field 2

Inflow Area =	0.023 ac,100.00% Impervious, Inflow De	epth > 7.93" for 100-year event
Inflow =	0.18 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=	0.015 af
Outflow =	0.01 cfs @ 12.94 hrs, Volume=	0.008 af, Atten= 93%, Lag= 51.9 min
Discarded =	0.01 cfs @ 9.30 hrs, Volume=	0.006 af
Primary =	0.01 cfs @ 12.94 hrs, Volume=	0.002 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 68.31' @ 12.94 hrs Surf.Area= 11 sf Storage= 206 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 149.6 min calculated for 0.008 af (53% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 21.9 min (761.6 - 739.7)

 Type III 24-hr
 100-year Rainfall=8.17"

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Volume	Invert	Avail.Stor	rage Storage	e Description	
#1	66.30'	20	06 cf Subsu	Irface Trench ST1 (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)	
			458 cf (Overall x 45.0% Voids	
Flovetic			In a Chara	Curre Chara	
Elevatio		Irf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
66.3	30	300	0	0	
67.3	30	300	300	300	
68.3	35	1	158	458	
00.0		•	100		
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devic	ces	
#1	Discarded	66.30'	1.020 in/hr E	Exfiltration over Surface area	
#2	Primary	68.30'	60" x 60" H	Horiz. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600	
"-	1 milliary	00.00		reir flow at low heads	
				en now at low neads	
Discard	Discarded OutFlow Max=0.01 cfs @ 9.30 hrs HW=66.32' (Free Discharge)				
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.01 cfs)					
Primary OutFlow Max=0.01 cfs @ 12.94 hrs HW=68.31' (Free Discharge)					
└──2=Orifice/Grate (Weir Controls 0.01 cfs @ 0.39 fps)					

Summary for Pond IF3: Infiltration Field 3

Inflow Area =	0.022 ac,100.00% Impervious, Inflow De	epth > 7.93" for 100-year event
Inflow =	0.18 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=	0.014 af
Outflow =	0.01 cfs @ 12.91 hrs, Volume=	0.008 af, Atten= 93%, Lag= 50.6 min
Discarded =	0.01 cfs @ 9.70 hrs, Volume=	0.006 af
Primary =	0.01 cfs @ 12.91 hrs, Volume=	0.002 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 64.01' @ 12.91 hrs Surf.Area= 12 sf Storage= 220 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 143.7 min calculated for 0.008 af (54% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 19.3 min (759.0 - 739.7)

Volume	Inve	rt Avail.Sto	orage Stora	ge Description	
#1	62.00)' 2		urface Trench ST [,] f Overall x 45.0%	1 (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc) Voids
Elevatio (fee		Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
62.0	00	320	0	0	
63.0	00	320	320	320	
64.0	05	1	169	489	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Dev	ces	
#1 #2	Discardeo Primary	d 62.00' 64.00'	6.0" x 6.0"	Exfiltration over a Horiz. Orifice/Gra	te C= 0.600

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.01 cfs @ 9.70 hrs HW=62.02' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.01 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.01 cfs @ 12.91 hrs HW=64.01' (Free Discharge) **1**-2=Orifice/Grate (Weir Controls 0.01 cfs @ 0.39 fps)

Summary for Pond IT: Infiltration Trench

Inflow Area =	0.125 ac, 74.61% Impervious, Inflow De	epth > 6.85" for 100-year event
Inflow =	0.95 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=	0.071 af
Outflow =	0.71 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	0.057 af, Atten= 26%, Lag= 1.2 min
Discarded =	0.02 cfs @ 8.90 hrs, Volume=	0.032 af
Primary =	0.68 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	0.025 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 68.01' @ 12.10 hrs Surf.Area= 975 sf Storage= 785 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 152.9 min calculated for 0.057 af (80% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 78.4 min (855.5 - 777.2)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Stor	rage Storag	ge Description	
#1	66.00'	79		ation Trench (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc) cf Overall x 40.0% Voids	
			1,000		
Elevatio	on Su	urf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	
(fee	t)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
66.0	0	975	0	0	
68.0)5	975	1,999	1,999	
D	Denting	lt			
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devic	Ces	
#1	Discarded	66.00'	1.020 in/hr l	Exfiltration over Surface area	
#2	Primary	68.00'	122.0' long	Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction	า(s)

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.02 cfs @ 8.90 hrs HW=66.02' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.02 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.59 cfs @ 12.09 hrs HW=68.01' (Free Discharge) **1**-2=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 0.59 cfs @ 0.37 fps)



Appendix VII Hydrocad Output for Recharge Volume

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Stage-Area-Storage for Pond IT: Infiltration Trench

Elevation	Surface	Storage	Elevation	Surface	Storage
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)
66.00	975	0	67.04	975	406
66.02	975	8	67.06	975	413
66.04	975	16	67.08	975	421
66.06	975	23	67.10	975	429
66.08	975	31	67.12	975	437
66.10	975	39	67.14	975	445
66.12	975	47	67.16	975	452
66.14	975	55	67.18	975	460
66.16	975	62	67.20	975	468
66.18	975	70	67.22	975	476
66.20	975	78	67.24	975	484
66.22	975	86	67.26	975	491
66.24	975	94	67.28	975	499
66.26	975	101	67.30	975	507
66.28	975	109	67.32	975	515
66.30	975 975	117 125	67.34 67.36	975 975	523
66.32 66.34	975	125	67.38	975	530 538
66.36	975	133	67.40	975	546
66.38	975	140	67.42	975	554
66.40	975	156	67.44	975	562
66.42	975	164	67.46	975	569
66.44	975	172	67.48	975	577
66.46	975	179	67.50	975	585
66.48	975	187	67.52	975	593
66.50	975	195	67.54	975	601
66.52	975	203	67.56	975	608
66.54	975	211	67.58	975	616
66.56	975	218	67.60	975	624
66.58	975	226	67.62	975	632
66.60	975	234	67.64	975	640
66.62	975	242	67.66	975	647
66.64	975	250	67.68	975	655
66.66	975	257	67.70	975	663
66.68	975	265	67.72	975	671
66.70	975	273	67.74	975	679
66.72	975	281	67.76	975	686
66.74	975	289	67.78	975	694
66.76	975 975	296 304	67.80 67.82	975 975	702 710
66.78 66.80	975	304 312	67.84	975	710
66.82	975	320	67.86	975	718
66.84	975	328	67.88	975	733
66.86	975	335	67.90	975	741
66.88	975	343	67.92	975	749
66.90	975	351	67.94	975	757
66.92	975	359	67.96	975	764
66.94	975	367	67.98	975	772
66.96	975	374	68.00	975	780
66.98	975	382	68.02	975	788
67.00	975	390	68.04	975	796
67.02	975	398		\	
					e below top
				of infiltr	ation trench

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Stage-Area-Storage for Pond IF1: Infiltration Field 1

Elevation	Surface	Storage	
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	
66.50	320	0	
66.55	320	7	
66.60	320	14	
66.65	320	22	
66.70	320	29	
66.75	320	36	
66.80	320	43	
66.85	320	50	
66.90	320	58	
66.95	320	65	
67.00	320	72	
67.05	320	79	
67.10	320	86	
67.15	320	94	
67.20	320	101	
67.25	320	108	
67.30	320	115	
67.35	320	122	
67.40 67.45	320 320	130 137	
67.50	320	144	
67.55	305	151	
67.60	290	158	
67.65	274	164	
67.70	259	170	
67.75	244	176	
67.80	229	181	
67.85	214	186	
67.90	198	191	
67.95	183	195	
68.00	168	199	
68.05	153	203	
68.10	138	206	
68.15	123	209	
68.20	107	211	
68.25	92	214	
68.30	77	215	
68.35	62	217	
68.40	47	218	
68.45	31	219	
68.50	16	220	
68.55	1	<u>∧ 220</u>	
68.60	1	220	
68.65	1	220	
		Storage belov	N
		overflow rim	
		L	-

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Stage-Area-Storage for Pond IF2: Infiltration Field 2

		.	01	
	Elevation (feet)	Surface (sq-ft)	Storage (cubic-feet)	
-	66.30	<u> </u>	0	
	66.35	300	7	
	66.40	300	13	
	66.45	300	20	
	66.50	300	27	
	66.55 66.60	300 300	34 40	
	66.65	300	40 47	
	66.70	300	54	
	66.75	300	61	
	66.80	300	68	
	66.85	300	74	
	66.90	300	81	
	66.95	300	88	
	67.00	300	95	
	67.05 67.10	300 300	101 108	
	67.15	300	115	
	67.20	300	122	
	67.25	300	128	
	67.30	300	135	
	67.35	286	142	
	67.40	272	148	
	67.45	257	154	
	67.50 67.55	243 229	159 165	
	67.60	229	170	
	67.65	200	174	
	67.70	186	179	
	67.75	172	183	
	67.80	158	186	
	67.85	143	190	
	67.90	129	193	
	67.95 68.00	115 101	196 198	
	68.05	86	200	
	68.10	72	202	
	68.15	58	203	
	68.20	44	205	
	68.25	29	205	
	68.30	15	206	
	68.35 68.40	1	206 206	
	00.40	I	200	
			Storage	helow
			overflow	
			Overnow	11111

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Stage-Area-Storage for Pond IF3: Infiltration Field 3

Elevation	Surface	Storage	
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	
62.00	320	0	
62.05	320	7	
62.10	320	14	
62.15	320	22	
62.20	320	29	
62.25	320	36	
62.30	320	43	
62.35	320	50	
62.40 62.45	320	58 65	
62.45 62.50	320 320	72	
62.55	320	72 79	
62.60	320	86	
62.65	320	94	
62.70	320	101	
62.75	320	101	
62.80	320	115	
62.85	320	122	
62.90	320	130	
62.95	320	137	
63.00	320	144	
63.05	305	151	
63.10	290	158	
63.15	250	164	
63.20	259	170	
63.25	244	176	
63.30	229	181	
63.35	214	186	
63.40	198	191	
63.45	183	195	
63.50	168	199	
63.55	153	203	
63.60	138	206	
63.65	123	209	
63.70	107	211	
63.75	92	214	
63.80	77	215	
63.85	62	217	
63.90	47	218	
63.95	31	219	
64.00	16	220	
64.05	1	220	
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